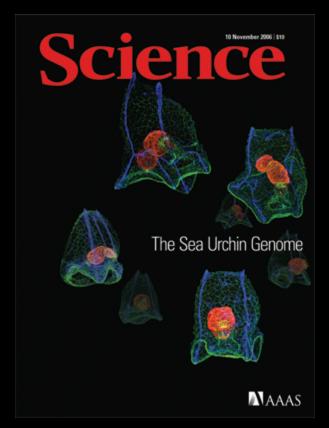


### Commercial Fishing





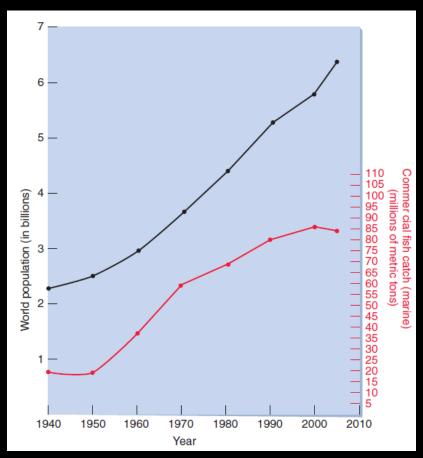


By the year 2048 commercial fishers will have almost nothing left to catch. At least 29% of fished species have collapsed and several others are on the verge of collapse

#### Commercial Fishing



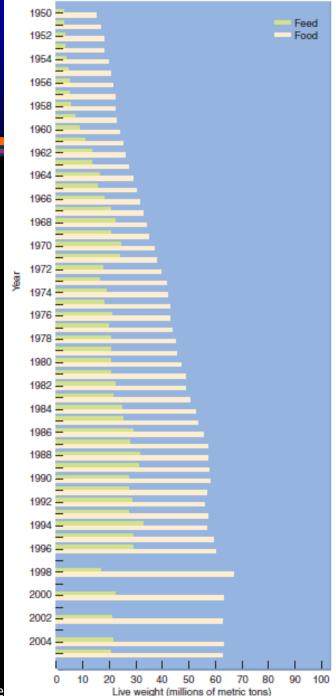
- Sturgeon
- Pacific salmon
- Swordfish
- Grouper
- Red snapper
- Bluefin tuna
- Atlantic cod
- Chilean sea bass
- Most shark species

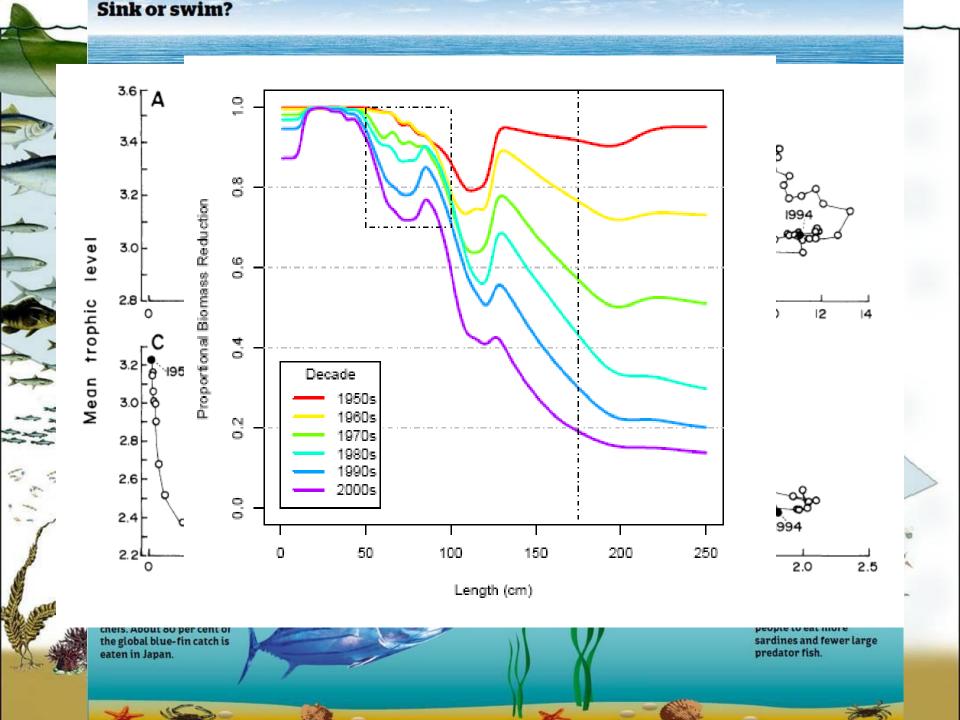


Commercial fish species with population declines of 90% or more

#### Commercial Fishing

- Greater waste of energy than harvesting fishes at lower trophic levels.
- Today whole ecosystems are being harvested rather than individual species.
- As the more traditional fisheries become depleted, fishers focus their efforts on species farther down the food chain.





## Fisheries Management



A *renewable resource* is a resource, such as fisheries, that replenishes itself.

A **stock** is a separate population of commercial fishes or shellfishes within a species' geographical range that is assumed to be reproductively isolated from other stocks.

**GLOSSARY** 

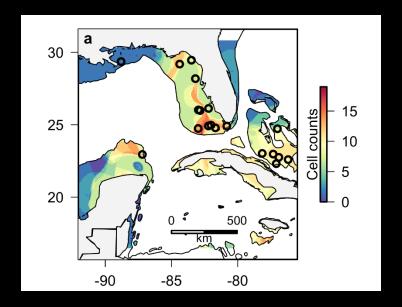
- Physical and biological factors that affect an organism's growth and survival.
- Habitat environment
- Feeding habits
- Reproduction strategies
- Migratory patterns

## Fish Population



 Determining Population Distribution and Movement Tagging
Stable Isotope



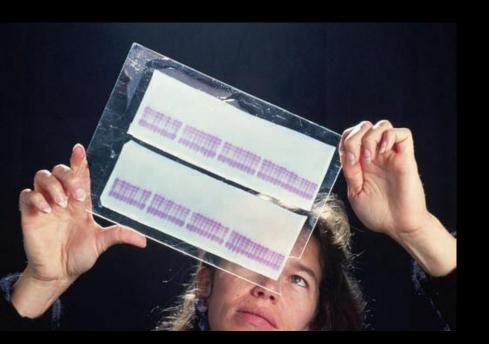


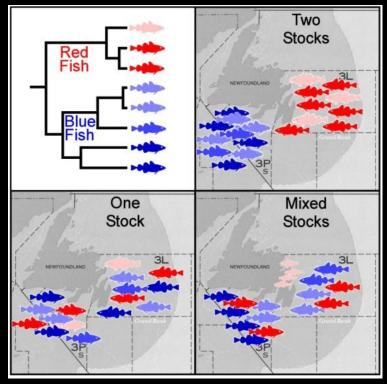
## Fish Population



Determining Population Distribution and Movement

**DNA** sequencing

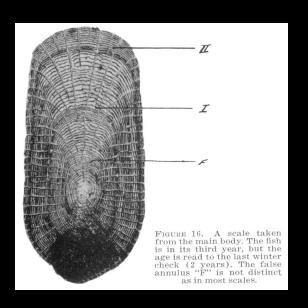




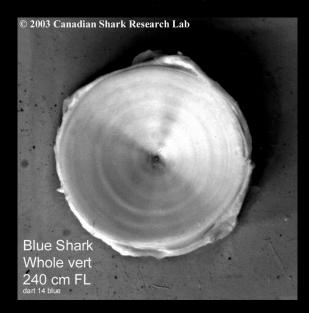
## Population Size and Age Structure



- Otolith and Statolith
- Vertebrae
- Scale





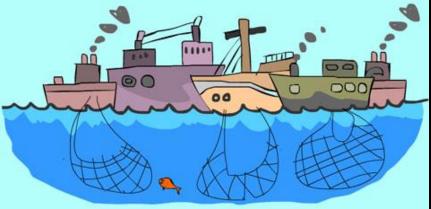


# Overfishing



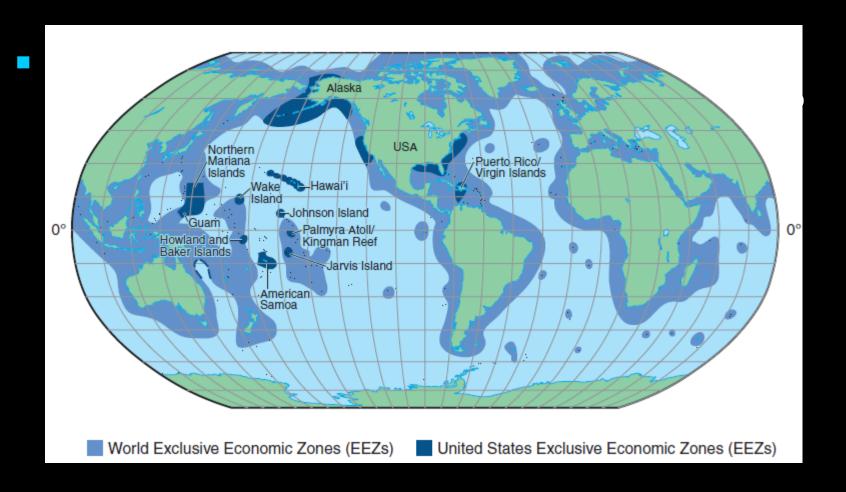
 Fishing a population faster than it can replace itself; the population decreases in size as a result.





# Overfishing





## Bycatch

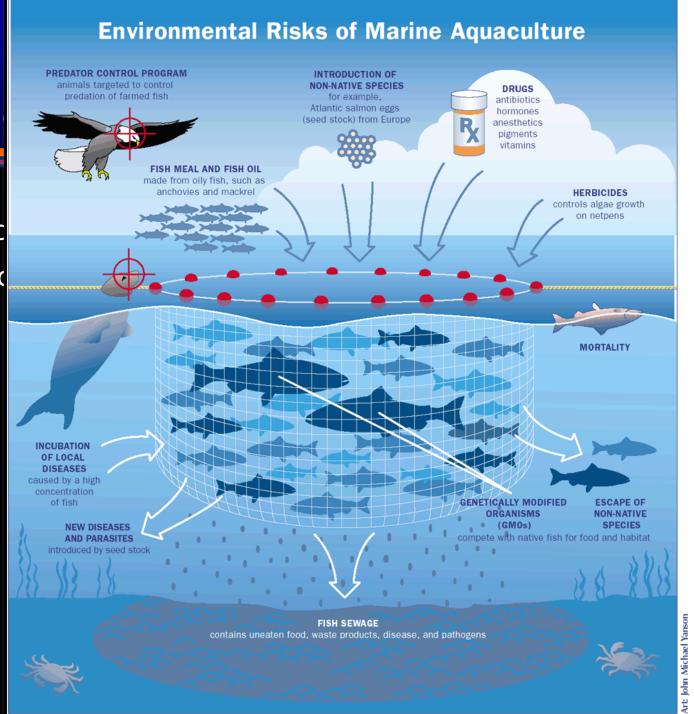


 By catch consists of the noncommercial animals killed during fishing for commercial species. Also known as incidental catch.



# Fish Aqu

- In land Aquac
- Marine Aquac



#### Key Concepts



- Fish and shellfish are renewable resources that must be properly managed to produce a sustainable yield.
- Overfishing has brought some fisheries to the brink of collapse.
- Techniques such as aquaculture have helped relieve fishing pressure on natural populations, but not without new effects on natural environments.